

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA  
ANDERSON/GREENWOOD DIVISION

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Antwan Robinson,

Plaintiff,

v.

Dr. Beverly Wood, et. al.,

Defendants.

Case No. 8:10-cv-915-RMG

**ORDER**

This matter is before the court upon the magistrate judge's recommendation that petitioner's motion for injunctive relief be denied. The record includes the report and recommendation of the United States Magistrate Judge made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B). Because petitioner is *pro se*, this matter was referred to the magistrate judge.<sup>1</sup>

This Court is charged with conducting a *de novo* review of any portion of the magistrate judge's report to which a specific objection is registered, and may accept, reject, or modify in whole or in part, the recommendations contained in that report. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). No objections have been filed to the magistrate's report.

Absent a timely objection from a dissatisfied party, a district court is not required to review, under a *de novo* or any other standard, a Magistrate Judge's factual or legal conclusions. *Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 150 (1985); *Wells v. Shriner's Hosp.*, 109 F.3d 198, 201 (4th Cir. 1997). Here, because the Petitioner did not file any specific, written objections, the Court need not conduct a *de novo* review of any portion of the report and recommendation. Accordingly, the Court hereby adopts

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<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to the provisions of Title 28 United States Code, § 636(b)(1)(B), and Local Rule 73.02 (B)(2)(f), D.S.C., the magistrate judge is authorized to review all pretrial matters and submit findings and recommendations to the Court.

the Magistrate Judge's R&R (Dkt. No. 48) as the Order of this Court, and it is

**ORDERED** that the Petitioner's motion for preliminary injunction is **DENIED**.

**AND IT IS SO ORDERED.**



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Richard Mark Gergel  
United States District Judge

September 7, 2010  
Charleston, South Carolina